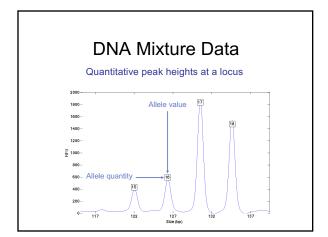
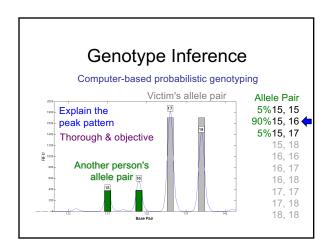
Open Access DNA Database Whose DNA is it Anyway? Duquesne University March, 2013 Pittsburgh, PA Mark W Perlin, PhD, MD, PhD Cybergenetics, Pittsburgh, PA Cybergenetics Cybergenetics © 2003-2013





Identification Information

Likelihood Ratio

Explaining all the data under two competing hypotheses

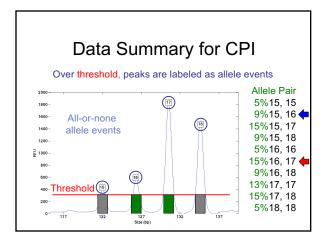
Matching genotype probability

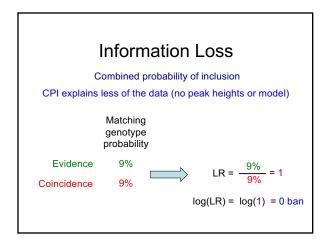
Evidence 90%

Coincidence 9%

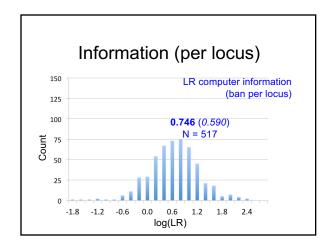
LR =
$$\frac{90\%}{9\%}$$
 = 10

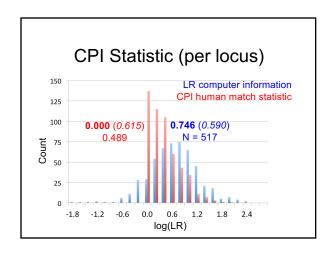
 $log(LR) = log(10) = 1 ban$

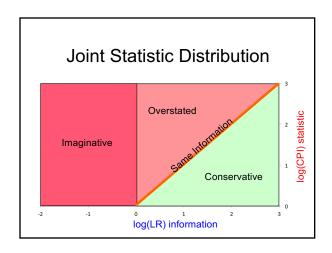


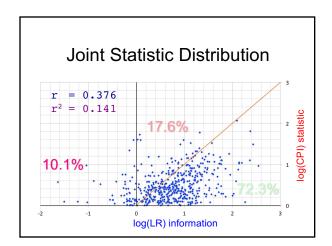


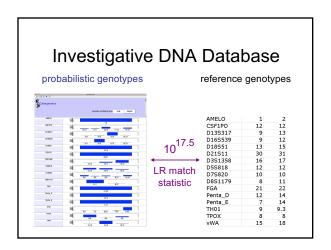
Mixture Information Study 2 & 3 person DNA mixtures 16 cases 31 evidence items 41 genotype matches Crime <u>Item</u> homicide (7) clothing (12) sexual assault (5) weapon (6) assault (2) vehicle (5) death investigation (1) skin swab (3) robbery (1) vaginal swab (3) fingernail (1) rectal swab (1)











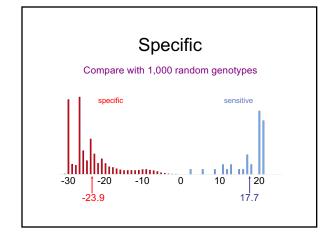
Investigative Applications

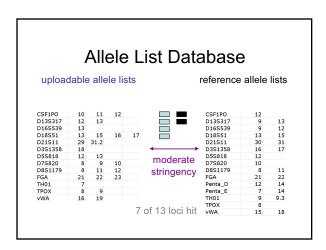
Information-preserving DNA database

- evidence-to-suspect, solve cold cases
- evidence-to-evidence, connect serial crime
- evidence-to-kinship, find missing people
- kinship-to-reference, conduct familial search
- remains-to-missing, identify disaster victims

Perlin MW. Identifying human remains using TrueAllele® technology. In: Okoye MI, Wecht CH, editors. Forensic Investigation and Management of Mass Disasters. Lawyers & Judges Publishing; 2007.

Sensitive Two contributors, victim known Infer one probabilistic genotype Measure DNA match information log(LR) 0 10 20





Information Comparison

Type of DNA database	Sensitive?	Specific?
Probabilistic genotype	LR average is about a quadrillion	False positive rate < 0.01%
Allele list (moderate stringency)	Upload fails about 1/3 of the time	Hits 5%-25% of the DNA database

State v. Sullivan Location: Western United States Crime: Assault with weapon Evidence: Gun True information: -1, +9 Human guess: 0 (inconclusive) Reason: Mixture Outcome: Still in prison

DNA database exoneration?



Computer-inferred evidence genotype Post-conviction test Information < 0

The right person? Information ~ 9

10 million offenders **CODIS** ineffective Any alternative?

State v. Diggins

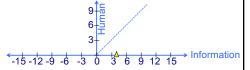
Location: Southern United States

Crime: Rape Evidence: Tampon string

True information: 4

Human guess: 0 (inconclusive)

Reason: Low DNA amount
Outcome: Still serving life sentence



DNA database identification?



Computer-inferred evidence genotype



Anonymized offender suspect genotypes

Is everything being done that could be done?

Government monopoly

- offender genotypes
- database access
- · uses old technology
- not highly effective

Balancing public safety v. personal privacy Access to anonymized DNA database

Reducing rape by DNA prevention







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